

*Italics – Target Tracker Statements***National Curriculum Design Technology Key Stage 1**

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts, (for example the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment).

When designing and making pupils should be taught to:

Design

- design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Make

- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks, (or example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing)
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Evaluate

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

Technical knowledge

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- explore and use mechanisms, (for example levers, sliders, wheels and axles), in their products

Cooking and Nutrition

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from

Key Stage 1 Cycle A		Key Stage 1 Cycle B	
Food: Fruit and Vegetables: Smoothies	Structures: Constructing a windmill or Structures: Constructing Houses from 'The Great Fire of London/Great Horwood	Mechanisms: Wheels and axles, Design a moving toy/vehicle	Mechanisms: Making a moving alien monster
Cooking and Nutrition: Bakery products	Mechanisms: Making a moving story book	Textiles: Designing and making puppets	Food: a balanced diet. Design and make a picnic for a beach visit
Textiles: Designing and making pouches Cooking and Nutrition: Tudor Banquet	Lego Robotic Animals. WeDo2 Lego	Structures: Design and make a chair for Baby Bear	

Italics – Target Tracker Statements**National Curriculum Design Technology Key Stage 2**

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts, for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment.

At Great Horwood we study the following topics across a two year cycle.

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

- use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks, such as cutting, shaping, joining and finishing, accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

Evaluate

- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world

Technical knowledge

- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- understand and use mechanical systems in their products, (for example as gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages)
- understand and use electrical systems in their products, (for example series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors)
- apply their understanding of computing to programme, monitor and control their products

Cooking and Nutrition

- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed

Year 3 and 4 Cycle A	Year 3 and 4 Cycle B	Year 5 and 6 Cycle A	Year 5 and 6 Cycle B
Food: Eating Seasonally Campfire- Stewed fruit Christmas Cooking: Shortbread/Pudding	Moving Iron Man Digital world: Mindful moments timer Design, build, trial and evaluate a sports circuit training course Food and Nutrition: Adapting a recipe	Structures - Bridges Design and make shelters (outdoor learning) Electrical systems - Electronics Greetings cards	Plan, design, create and evaluate a Viking brooch Textiles: Stuffed toys Food: What could be healthier?

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		Cooking and nutrition: Traditional Christmas cooking – Mince Pies	
Electrical systems: Torches Digital world: Electronic Charm	Mechanical systems: Making a slingshot chariot (car) Design a Roman Bust Design and make a Roman meal Outdoor Learning: Creating a habitat for minibeasts Electrical systems: Static electricity Make an habitat themed electricity game	Food: Come dine with me Designing a nutritious three course meal Textiles: Waistcoats	A new space invention - plan, design, market and evaluate your new design Structure Playgrounds Digital world: Navigating the world Food around the world- cooking and preparing food from different place
Mechanical systems: Pneumatic toys Textiles: Making an Egyptian themed cushion Structures: Construct an Egyptian hall/pyramid	Structures: Pavilions Create a decorated Greek pavilion Textiles: Fastening make a fabric book sleeve	Making something from reused or recycled materials Mechanical Systems: automata toys Digital world: Monitoring devices 3D CAD	Electrical systems: Steady hand game Moving vehicles pulleys and levers, cams and cogs Mechanical systems: Pop-up book

Design Technology: Structures

As part of our two yearly cycle pupils will learn and be taught to:

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know the importance of a clear design criteria Include individual preferences and requirements in a design <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make stable structures from card, tape and glue Follow instructions to cut and assemble the structure Make functioning turbines and axles which are assembled 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generate and communicate ideas using sketching and modelling Know about different types of structures, found in the natural world and in everyday objects <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make a structure according to design criteria Create joints and structures from paper/card and tape <p>Evaluation:</p>	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a structure with key features to appeal to a specific person/purpose Draw and label a structure Design using 2D shapes, labelling: the 3D shapes that will create the features – materials, need and colours Design and/or decorating a structure/ castle on CAD software <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct a range of 3D 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a stable structure that is aesthetically pleasing and selecting materials to create a desired effect Build frame structures designed to support weight <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create a range of different shaped frame structures Make a variety of free standing frame structures of different shapes and sizes Select appropriate materials 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a stable structure that is able to support weight Create a frame structure with focus on triangulation <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make a range of different shaped beam bridges/structures Use triangles to create truss bridges/structures that span a given distance and supports a load Build a wooden bridge 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a playground featuring a variety of different structures, giving careful consideration to how the structures will be used, considering effective and ineffective designs <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build a range of play apparatus structures drawing upon new and prior knowledge of structures Measure, mark and cut wood

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • into a main supporting structure <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate according to the design criteria, testing whether the structure is strong and stable and altering it if it isn't • Suggest points for improvements <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe the purpose of structures, • Know how to turn 2D nets into 3D structures • Know that the shape of materials can be changed to improve the strength and stiffness of structures • Understand that cylinders are a strong type of structure (often used for windmills and lighthouses) • Understand that windmill turbines use wind to turn and make the machines inside work • Understand that axles are used in structures and mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle • Develop an awareness of different structures for different purposes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore the features of structures • Compare the stability of different shapes • Test the strength of own structures • Identify the weakest part of a structure • Evaluate the strength, stiffness and stability of own structure <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify natural and man-made structures • Identify when a structure is more or less stable than another • Know that shapes and structures with wide, flat bases or legs are the most stable • Understand that the shape of a structure affects its strength • Use the vocabulary: strength, stiffness and stability • Know that materials can be manipulated to improve strength and stiffness • Build a strong and stiff structure by folding paper 	<p>geometric shapes using nets</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create special features for individual designs • Make facades from a range of recycled materials <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate own work and the work of others based on the aesthetic of the finished product and in comparison to the original design • Suggest points for modification of the individual designs <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify features of the structure • Identify suitable materials to be selected and used considering weight, compression, and tension • Extend the knowledge of wide and flat based objects are more stable • Understand the terminology of strut, tie, span, beam • Understand the difference between frame and shell structure 	<p>to build a strong structure and for the cladding</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reinforce corners to strengthen a structure • Create a design in accordance with a plan • Create different textural effects with materials <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate structures made by the class • Describe what characteristics of a design and construction made it the most effective • Consider effective and ineffective designs <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know about different structures and their purpose • Build on prior knowledge of net structures and broadening knowledge of frame structures • Know that architects consider light, shadow and patterns when designing • Implement frame and shell structure knowledge • Consider effective and ineffective designs 	<p>structure Independently measuring and marking wood accurately</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select appropriate tools and equipment for particular tasks • Use the correct techniques to saw safely • Identify where a structure needs reinforcement and using card corners for support • Explain why selecting appropriating materials is an important part of the design process • Understand basic wood functional properties <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adapt and improving own bridge structure by identifying points of weakness and reinforcing them as necessary • Suggest points for improvements for own bridges and those designed by others <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore how to create a strong beam Identifying arch and beam bridges and understand the terms: compression and tension • Identify stronger and weaker structures • Find different ways to reinforce structures 	<p>to create a range of structures</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a range of materials to reinforce and add decoration to structures <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve a design plan based on peer evaluation • Test and adapt a design to improve it as it is developed • Identify what makes a successful structure <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know that structures can be strengthened by manipulating materials and shapes • Identify the shell structure in everyday life (cars aeroplanes, tins, cans) • Understand man-made and natural structures
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				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand how triangles can be used to reinforce structures • Articulate the difference between beam, arch, truss and suspension bridges 	
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Design Technology: Mechanisms/Mechanical systems

As part of our two yearly cycle pupils will learn and be taught to:

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain how to adapt mechanisms, using bridges or guides to control the movement • Design a moving story book for a given audience • Design a vehicle that includes wheels, axles and axle holders, which will allow the wheels to move • Create clearly labelled drawings which illustrate movement <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow a design to create moving models that use levers and sliders • Adapt mechanisms <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test a finished product, seeing whether it moves as planned and if not, 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a class design criteria for a moving monster • Design a moving monster for a specific audience in accordance with a design criteria • Select a suitable linkage system to produce the desired motions • Design a wheel selecting appropriate materials based on their properties <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make linkages using card for levers and split pins for pivots • Experiment with linkages adjusting the widths, lengths and thicknesses of card used • Cut and assemble components neatly • Select materials according to 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design a toy which uses a pneumatic system • Develop design criteria from a design brief • Generate ideas using thumbnail sketches and exploded diagrams • Know that different types of drawings are used in design to explain ideas clearly <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a pneumatic system to create a desired motion • Build secure housing for a pneumatic system • Use syringes and balloons to create different types of pneumatic systems to make a functional and appealing pneumatic toy • Select materials due to their functional and aesthetic 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design a shape that reduces air resistance • Draw a net to create a structure from • Choose shapes that increase or decrease speed as a result of air resistance • Personalise a design <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measure, mark, cut and assembling with increasing accuracy • Make a model based on a chosen design <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate the speed of a final product based on: the effect of shape on speed and the accuracy of workmanship on performance <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know that products change 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design a pop-up book which uses a mixture of structures and mechanisms • Name each mechanism, input and output accurately • Storyboard ideas for a book <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow a design brief to make a popup book, neatly and with focus on accuracy • Make mechanisms and/or structures using sliders, pivots and folds to produce movement • Use layers and spacers to hide the workings of mechanical parts for an aesthetically pleasing result <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate the work of others and receive feedback on own work 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Experiment with a range of cams, creating a design for an automata toy based on a choice of cam to create a desired movement • Understand how linkages change the direction of a force • Make things move at the same time • Understand and draw cross-sectional diagrams to show the inner-workings of the automata <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measure, mark and check the accuracy of the jelutong and dowel pieces required • Measure, mark and cut components accurately using a ruler and scissors • Assemble components

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<p>explaining why and how it can be fixed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review the success of a product by testing it with its intended audience • Test mechanisms, identifying what stops wheels from turning, knowing that a wheel needs an axle in order to move <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know that levers and sliders are mechanisms and can make things move • Identify whether a mechanism is a lever or slider and determining what movement the mechanism will make • Use the vocabulary: up, down, left, right, vertical and horizontal to describe movement • Identify what mechanism makes a toy or vehicle roll forwards • Know that for a wheel to move it must be attached to an axle 	<p>their characteristics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow a design brief <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate own designs against design criteria • Use peer feedback to modify a final design • Evaluate different designs • Test and adapt a design <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know that mechanisms are a collection of moving parts that work together in a machine • Know that there is an input and output in a mechanism • Identify mechanisms in everyday objects • Know that a lever is something that turns on a pivot • Know that a linkage is a system of levers that are connected by pivots • Explore wheel mechanisms • Know how axels help wheels to move a vehicle 	<p>characteristics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manipulate materials to create different effects by cutting, creasing, folding, weaving <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the views of others to improve designs • Test and modify the outcome, suggesting improvements • Understand the purpose of exploded-diagrams through the eyes of a designer and their client <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know how pneumatic systems work • Know that mechanisms are a system of parts that work together to create motion • Know that pneumatic systems can be used as part of a mechanism • Know that pneumatic systems force air over a distance to create movement 	<p>and evolve over time</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know that all moving things have kinetic energy • Know that kinetic energy is the energy that something (object person) has by being in motion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suggest points for improvement <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know that an input is the motion used to start a mechanism • Know that output is the motion that happens as a result of starting the input • Know that mechanisms control movement • Know and describe mechanisms that can be used to change one kind of motion into another 	<p>accurately to make a stable frame</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand that for the frame to function effectively the components must be cut accurately and the joints of the frame secured at right angles • Select appropriate materials based on the materials being joined and the speed at which the glue needs to dry/set <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate the work of others and receive feedback on own work • Apply points of improvements • Describing changes they would make/do if they were to do the project again <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a bench hook to saw safely and effectively • Explore cams, knowing that different shaped cams produce different follower movements • Explore types of motions and direction of a motion
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Design Technology: Textiles					
As part of our two yearly cycle pupils will learn and be taught to:					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a template to create a design for a puppet <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cut fabric neatly with scissors Use joining methods to decorate a puppet Sequence steps for construction <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reflect on a finished product, explaining likes and dislikes <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know different ways in which to join fabrics together: pinning, stapling, gluing 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a fabric product <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select and cut fabrics for sewing Decorate product using fabric glue or running stitch <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Troubleshoot scenarios posed by the teacher Evaluate the quality of the stitching on others' work Discussing as a class, the success of their stitching against the success criteria Identifying aspects of their peers' work that they particularly like and why <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Join items using fabric glue or stitching Identify benefits of these techniques: Threading a needle, Sewing running stitch, with evenly spaced, neat, even stitches to join fabric Neatly pin and cutting fabric using a template 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design and make a template from an existing cushion and applying individual design criteria <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow criteria to create a cushion Select and cut fabrics with ease using fabric scissors Sew cross stitch to join fabric Decorate fabric using appliqué Complete design ideas with stuffing and sewing the edges <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate an end product and thinking of other ways in which to create similar items <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thread needles with greater independence Tie knots with greater independence Sewing cross stitch and appliqué Know the need to count the thread on a piece of even weave fabric in each direction to create uniform size and appearance 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write design criteria for a product, articulating decisions made Design a personalised Book sleeve <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make and test a paper template with accuracy and in keeping with the design criteria Measure, mark and cutting fabric using a paper template Select a stitch style to join fabric, working neatly sewing small neat stitches Incorporate fastening to a design <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Test and evaluate an end product against the original design criteria Decide how many of the criteria should be met for the product to be considered successful Suggest modifications for improvement <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know that there are different types of fastenings and what they are 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a stuffed toy considering the main component, shapes required and creating an appropriate template Consider the proportions of individual components <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create a 3D stuffed toy from a 2D design Measure, mark and cut fabric accurately and independently Create strong and secure blanket stitches when joining fabric Using applique to attach pieces of fabric decoration <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Test and evaluating an end product and giving point for further improvements <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know how to sew blanket stitch to join fabric Apply blanket stitch so the space between the stitches are even and regular Thread needles independently 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a waistcoat in accordance to specification linked to set of design criteria to fit a specific theme Annotate designs <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a template when pinning panels onto fabric Mark and cut fabric accurately, in accordance with a design Sew a strong running stitch, making small, neat stitches and following the edge Tie strong knots Decorate a waistcoat – attaching objects using thread and adding a secure fastening <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate work continually as it is created <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know different decorative stitches Know how to apply and know the outcome of the individual technique Sew accurately with even regularity of stitches

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know that fabrics can be layered for affect 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know and articulate the benefits and disadvantages of different fastening types 		
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Design Technology: Cooking and Nutrition

As part of our two yearly cycle pupils will learn and be taught to:

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design smoothie carton packaging by-hand or on ICT software <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chop fruit and vegetables safely to make a smoothie Identify if a food is a fruit or a vegetable Know where and how fruits and vegetables grow <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Taste and evaluate different food combinations Describe appearance, smell and taste Suggest information to be included on packaging <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know the difference between fruits and vegetables Describe and group fruits by texture and taste 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a healthy wrap based on a food combination which work well together <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slice food safely using the bridge or claw grip Construct a wrap that meets a design brief <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe the taste, texture and smell of fruit and vegetables Taste testing food combinations and final products Know and describe the information that should be included on a label Evaluate which grip was most effective <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know what makes a balanced diet Know where to find the nutritional information on packaging Know the five food groups 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create a healthy and nutritious recipe for a savoury dish using seasonal ingredients, considering the taste, texture, smell and appearance of the dish <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know how to prepare themselves and a work space to cook safely in Know and follow the basic rules to avoid food contamination Following the instructions within a recipe <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish and use design criteria to help test and review dishes Describe the benefits of seasonal fruits and vegetables and the impact on the environment Suggest points for improvement when making a seasonal dish <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know that climate affects 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a product within a given budget, drawing upon previous taste testing <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow a baking recipe Cook safely, following basic hygiene rules Adapt a recipe <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate a recipe, considering: taste, smell, texture and appearance Describe the impact of the budget on the selection of ingredients Evaluate and compare a range of products Suggest modifications <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the impact of the cost and importance of budgeting while planning ingredients for the product Understand the environmental impact on future product and cost of production 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adapt a traditional recipe, understanding that the nutritional value of a recipe alters if you remove, substitute or add additional ingredients Write an amended method for a recipe to incorporate the relevant changes to ingredients Design appealing packaging to reflect a recipe <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cut and preparing vegetables safely Use equipment safely, including knives, hot pans and hobs Know how to avoid cross-contamination Follow a step by step method carefully to make a recipe <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the nutritional differences between different products and recipes Identify and describing 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write a recipe, explaining the key steps, method and ingredients Include facts and drawings from research undertaken <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Following a recipe, including using the correct quantities of each ingredient Adapt a recipe based on research Work to a given timescale Work safely and hygienically with independence <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate a recipe considering: taste, smell, texture and origin of the food group Taste testing and scoring final products Suggest and write up points of improvements in productions Evaluate health and safety in production to minimise cross contamination <p>Technical Knowledge:</p>

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		<p>food growth</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work with cooking equipment safely and hygienically • Know that imported foods travel from far away and this can negatively impact the environment • Know that vegetables and fruit grow in certain seasons • Know that each fruit and vegetable gives us nutritional benefits • use, store and clean a knife safely 		<p>healthy benefits of food groups</p> <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know where food comes from - learning that beef is from cattle and how beef is reared and processed • Know and describe what constitutes a balanced diet • Know how to adapt a recipe to make it healthier • Compare two adapted recipes using a nutritional calculator and then identifying the healthier option 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know how to research a recipe by ingredient • Record the relevant ingredients and equipment needed for a recipe • Know the combinations of food that will complement one another • Know where food comes from, describing the process of 'Farm to Fork' for a given ingredient
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Design Technology: Digital World Key Stage 2

As part of our two yearly cycle pupils will learn and be taught to:

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Problem solve by suggesting potential features on a Micro: bit and justifying ideas • Develop design ideas for a technology pouch • Draw and manipulate 2D shapes, using computer-aided design, to produce a point of sale badge <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a template when cutting and assembling the pouch • Follow a list of design requirements • Select and use the appropriate tools and equipment for cutting, joining, shaping and decorating a foam pouch • Apply functional features such as using foam 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write design criteria for a programmed timer (Micro:bit) • Explore different mindfulness strategies • Apply the results of my research to further inform design criteria • Develop a prototype case for a mindful moment timer <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use and manipulate shapes and clipart, using computer-aided design (CAD), to produce a logo • Follow a list of design requirements <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop a prototype case for a mindful moment timer 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Researching (books, internet) for a particular (user's) animal's needs • Developing design criteria based on research • Generating multiple housing ideas using building bricks • Understanding what a virtual model is and the pros and cons of traditional and CAD modelling • Placing and manoeuvring 3D objects, using CAD • Changing the properties of, or combine one or more 3D objects, using CAD <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the functional and aesthetic 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Writing a design brief from information submitted by a client • Developing design criteria to fulfil the client's request • Considering and suggesting additional functions for my navigation tool • Developing a product idea through annotated sketches • Placing and manoeuvring 3D objects, using CAD • Changing the properties of, or combine one or more 3D objects, using CAD <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consider materials and their functional

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<p>to create soft buttons</p> <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyse and evaluate an existing product Identify the key features of a pouch <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know and identify key product developments that occurred as a result of the digital revolution Write a program to control (button press) and/or monitor (sense light) that will initiate a flashing LED algorithm Know what a loop is in programming Know and explaining the basic functionality of an eCharm program Know what is meant by 'point of sale display' 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create a 3D structure using a net <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investigate and analyse a range of timers by identifying and comparing their advantages and disadvantages Evaluate own micro:bit program against points on design criteria and amending them to include any changes made Document and evaluate the project Know and understand what a logo is and why they are important in the world of design and business <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write design criteria for a programmed timer (Micro:bit) Programme a micro:bit in the Microsoft Micro:bit editor, to time a set number of seconds/minutes upon button press Test the program for bugs (errors in the code) Find and fix the bugs (debug) in the code 	<p>properties of plastics</p> <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> State an event or fact from the last 100 years of plastic history Know and explain how plastic is affecting planet Earth and suggest ways to make more sustainable choices <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know and describe key developments in thermometer history Programme to monitor the ambient temperature and coding an (audible or visual) alert when the temperature rises above or falls below a specified range Explain key functions in my program (audible alert, visuals) Explain how the product would be useful for an animal carer including programmed features 	<p>properties, especially those that are sustainable and recyclable (for example, cork and bamboo)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain material choices and why they were chosen as part of a product concept <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain how the program fits the design criteria and how it would be useful as part of a navigation tool Develop an awareness of sustainable design Identify key industries that utilise 3D CAD modelling and explain why Describe how the product concept fits the client's request and how it will benefit the customers <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Programme an N,E, S,W cardinal compass Explain the key functions in the program, including any additions Explain how the program fits the design criteria and how it would be useful as part of a navigation tool Explain the key functions and features of the navigation tool to the client as part of a product concept pitch Demonstrate a functional program as part of a product concept
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*Italics – Target Tracker Statements***Design Technology: Electrical Systems Key Stage 2****As part of our two yearly cycle pupils will learn and be taught to:**

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a game that works using static electricity, including the instructions for playing the game Identifying a design criteria and a target audience <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make an electrostatic game, referring to the design criteria Use a wider range of materials and equipment safely Use electrostatic energy to move objects in isolation as well as in part of a system <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know how to give constructive criticism on own work and the work of others Test the success of a product against the original design criteria and justifying opinions <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know and understand what static electricity is and how it moves objects through attraction or repulsion Generate static electricity independently Use static electricity to make objects move in a desired way 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a torch, giving consideration to the target audience and creating both design and success criteria focusing on features of individual design ideas <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make a torch with a working electrical circuit and switch Use appropriate equipment to cut and attach materials Assemble a torch according to the design and success criteria <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate electrical products Test and evaluate the success of a final product and taking inspiration from the work of peers <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know how electrical items work Identify electrical products Know what electrical conductors and insulators are Know and understand that a battery contains stored electricity and can be used to power products Identify the features of a torch Know how a torch works Articulate the positives and negatives about different torches 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design an electronic greetings card with a copper track circuit and components Create a labelled circuit diagram showing positive and negative parts in relation to the LED and the battery Write design criteria for an electronic greeting card Compile a mood board relevant to the chosen theme, purpose and recipient <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make a functional series circuit Create an electronics greeting card, referring to a design criteria Map out where different components of the circuit will go <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate a peer's product against design criteria and suggesting modifications that could be made to improve the reliability or aesthetics of it or to incorporate another type of circuit component Know and state what Sir Rowland Hill invented and why it was important for greeting cards Analyse and evaluate a range of existing greeting cards. <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know the key components used to create a functioning circuit Know that copper is a conductor and can be used as part of a circuit Know that breaks in a circuit will stop it from working 	<p>Design:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design a steady hand game - identifying and naming the components required Draw a design from three different perspectives Generate ideas through sketching and discussion Model ideas through prototypes Understand the purpose of products (toys), including what is meant by 'fit for purpose' and 'form over function' <p>Make:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct a stable base for a game Accurately cut, fold and assemble a net Decorate the base of the game to a high quality finish Make and test a circuit Incorporating a circuit into a base <p>Evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Test own and others finished games, identifying what went well and making suggestions for improvement Gather images and information about existing children's toys Analyse a selection of existing children's toys <p>Technical Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know that batteries contain acid, which can be dangerous if they leak Identify and naming the circuit components in a steady hand game

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explain how a series circuit will work in the card• Identify the negative and positive leg of an LED• Draw a series circuit diagram and symbols	
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