National Curriculum History Key Stage 1

Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

Pupils should be taught about:

- Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life;
- Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements;
- · Comparing aspects of life in different periods significant historical events, people and places in their own locality;

Key Stage	e 1 Cycle A	Key Stage	e 1 Cycle B				
Significant People:	Castles	How transport has evolved through	Significant individuals:				
Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole &	Tower of London,	History.	Neil Armstrong; Events beyond living				
Captain Tom Moore	Kings & Queens		memory, moon landing.				
The Great Fire of London.	Homes and Houses comparison between now and then.	Toys: Then and Now					
	Great Horwood Fire Local History Study						

National Curriculum History Key Stage 2

Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources and that different versions of past events may exist, giving some reasons for this.

At Great Horwood we study the following topics across a two year cycle.

Year 3 and 4 Cycle A	Year 3 and 4 Cycle B	Year 5 and 6 Cycle A	Year 5 and 6 Cycle B
Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to	The Roman Empire and its impact on	A local history study – a study of an	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and
the Iron Age	Britain	aspect of history dating from a period	Scots
		beyond 1066 that is significant in the	
Including:	Including:	locality	Including:
 late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and 	 Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 		 Roman withdrawal from Britain in c.
early farmers, e.g. Skara Brae	55-54 BC	Life for Victorian children	AD 410 and the fall of the western
 Bronze Age religion, technology and 	 the Roman Empire by AD 42 and the 		Roman Empire
travel, e.g. Stonehenge	power of its army	Including:	 Scots invasions from Ireland to north
 Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, 	 successful invasion by Claudius and 		Britain (now Scotland)
farming, art and culture	conquest, including Hadrian's Wall	 Links to Waddesdon Manor 	 Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements
	 British resistance, e.g. Boudica 	 Great Horwood CE School is a Victorian 	and kingdoms: place names and village
	 "Romanisation" of Britain: sites such as 	School Founded 1861	life
	Caerwent and the impact of		Anglo-Saxon art and culture
	technology, culture and beliefs,		 Christian conversion – Canterbury,
	including early Christianity		Iona and Lindisfarne

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			The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Including: Viking raids and invasion resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England further Viking invasions and Danegeld Anglo-Saxon laws and justice Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066
The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared: • Ancient Egypt	achievements and their influence on the	A study of a theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 Industrial Revolution & the development of Railways	A study of a theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality • World War II Bletchley Park
	extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066	A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history - one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900;	

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History – Chronological Understanding

NC Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.

NC: They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.

	Year 1		Year 2		Year 3	Γ	Year 4		Year 5		Year 6
•	,	•		•	Year 3 Uses an increasing range of common words and phrases relating to the passing of time Describe events and periods using a range of words (see vocabulary list) Describe events from the past using dates when things happened Describes memories of key events in his/her life using historical vocabulary Uses a timeline within a specific time in history	•		•	Year 5 Uses dates and historical language in their work Draws a timeline with different time periods outlined which show different information, such as periods of history, when famous people lived, etc. Uses their mathematical skills to work out exact time scales and differences as need be	•	Year 6 Describes a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across periods Describes where a period of history fits on a timeline Places a specific event on a timeline by decade Places features of historical events and people from past societies and periods in a chronological
•	time ago Knows that some objects belonged to the past Retells a familiar story		peas	•	to set out the order things may have happened Uses their mathematical knowledge to work out					•	framework Notices connections, contrasts and trends over time and show some use of historical

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	set in the past	how long ago events		terms
•	Explains how they have	would have happened		
	changed since they			
	were born			

	History – Historical Enquiry										
N	NC: They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.										
	Year 1		Year 2		Year 3		Year 4		Year 5		Year 6
•	Asks and answers	•	Researches something	•	Recognise the part that	•	Uses sources of	•	Researches what it was	•	Examines at two
	questions about old and	,	about the past by talking		archaeologists have had		information in ways that		like for a child in a given		different versions and
	new objects		to an older person		in helping us understand		go beyond simple		period from the past		say how the author may
•	Identifies old and new	•	Answers questions by		more about what		observations to answer		and use photographs		be attempting to
	things in a picture		using a specific source,		happened in the past		questions about the past		and illustrations to		persuade or give a
•	Finds answers to some		such as an information	•	Uses various sources of	•	Researches two versions		present their findings		specific viewpoint
	simple questions about		book		evidence to answer		of an event and say how	•	Tests out a hypothesis in	•	Identifies and explains
	the past from simple	•	Researches the life of a		questions		they differ		order to answer a		their understanding of
	sources of information		famous significant	•	Uses various sources to	•	Researches what it was		question		propaganda
•	Answers questions using		person from the past		piece together		like to live in a given	•	Appreciates how	•	Describe a key event
	an artefact/ photograph		using different		information about a		period from the past		historical artefacts have		from Britain's past using
	provided		resources/sources to		period in history		and use photographs		helped us understand		a range of evidence
•	Describes some simple		help them				and illustrations to		more about British lives		from different sources
	similarities and	•	Researches about a	•	Researches a specific		present their findings		in the present and past		
	differences between		famous event that		event from the past	•	Give more than one	•	Compares sources of		
	manmade objects		happens in Britain and	•	Uses their 'information		reason to support an		information available		
•	Gives plausible		why it has been		finding' skills in writing		historical argument		for the study of		
	explanations about what		happening for some		to help them write	•	Uses a variety of		different times in the		
	an object was used for		time		about historical		resources to find out		past		

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•	in the past Sorts historical objects from 'then' and 'now'	 Researches the life of someone who used to live in their area using the Internet and other sources to find out about them 	 information Through research, identifies similarities and differences between given periods in history 	about aspects of life in the past (historical enquiry)			
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History – Knowledge and Interpretation

NC: They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources and that different versions of past events may exist, giving some reasons for this.

	Year 1		Year 2		Year 3		Year 4		Year 5		Year 6
•	Appreciates that some	•	Recounts the life of	•	Appreciate that the	•	Explains how events	•	Describe historical	•	Summarises the main
	famous people have		someone famous from		early Brits would not		from the past have		events from the		events from a specific
	helped our lives be		Britain who lived in the		have communicated as		helped shape our lives		different period/s they		period in history,
	better today		past giving attention to		we do or have eaten as	•	Appreciates that wars		are studying/have		explaining the order in
•	Recognise that we		what they did earlier		we do		have happened from a		studied		which key events
	celebrate certain events,		and what they did later	•	Describes what life		very long time ago and	•	Make comparisons		happened
	such as bonfire night,	•	Explains how their local		would have been like for		are often associated		between historical	•	Summarise how Britain
	because of what		area was different in the		the early settlers		with invasion,		periods; explaining		has had a major
	happened many years		past	•	Recognise that Britain		conquering or religious		things that have		influence on world
	ago	•	Recounts some		has been invaded by		differences		changed and things		history
•	Understand that we		interesting facts from an		several different groups	•	Knows that people who		which have stayed the	•	Summarise what Britain
	have a queen who rules		historical event, such as		over time		lived in the past cooked		same		may have learnt from
	us and that Britain has		where the 'Fire of	•	Understands that		and travelled differently	•	Explains the role that		other countries and
	had a king or queen for		London' started		invaders in the past		and used different		Britain has had in		civilizations through
	many years				would have fought		weapons from ours		spreading Christian		time gone by and more

societies and periods

they have studied

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- Identifies the main differences between old and new objects
- Identifies some similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods
- Identifies objects from the past, such as vinyl records
- Relates their own account of an event and understand that others may give a different version
- Understands key features of events

- Give examples of things that are different in their life from that of their grandparents when they were young
 Explains why Britain has a special history by naming some famous events and some famous people
 Explains what is meant
- Explains what is meant by a parliament

 Describes changes within living memory and aspects of change in national life
- Describes events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally
- Describes significant historical events, people and places locally

- fiercely, using hand to hand combat Suggests why certain events happened as
- they did in history
 Suggests why certain
 people acted as they did
- Describes changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age

in history

- Describes the Roman
 Empire and its impact
 on Britain
- Describes the achievements of the earliest civilizations and a deeper knowledge of Ancient Egypt
- Describes a study of
 Ancient Greek life and
 achievements and their
 influence on the
 western world

- Recognise that the lives of wealthy people were very different from those of poor people
- Appreciates how items found belonging to the past are helping us to build up an accurate picture of how people lived in the past
- Understands that sources can contradict each other
- Describes changes in
 Britain from the Stone
 Age to the Iron Age
 Describes the Roman
 Empire and its impact
 on Britain
- Describes the achievements of the earliest civilizations and a deeper knowledge of Ancient Egypt
- Describes a study of Ancient Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world

- values across the world Appreciates that how we make decisions has been through a Parliament for some time
- Appreciates that significant events in history have helped shape the country we have today
- Demonstrates a good understanding of how a aspect of History has changed has changed over the years i.e.
 Railways
- Understands that the type of information available depends on the period of time studied
 Evaluates the
- of sources
 Describes Britain's
 settlement by AngloSaxons and Scot

usefulness of a variety

Describes the Viking

- recently
 Describes features of historical events and people from past
- Recognises and describe differences and similarities/ changes and continuity between different periods of history
 - Describes Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scot
 - Describes the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor
 - Describes a local history study
 - Describes a study of an aspect or theme in British history beyond 1066
 - Describes a non-European society that

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		and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Describes a local history study Describes a study of an aspect or theme in British history beyond 1066 Describes a non- European society that	provides contrasts with British history
		provides contrasts with British history	

	History – Organisation and Communication										
NC: They should construct in	IC: They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.										
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6						
 Talks, draw or write about aspects of the past 	 Uses a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms Speaks about how I have found out about the past Records what I have learned by drawing and 		 Communicates knowledge and understanding orally and in writing and offer points of view based upon what they have found out Explains what they have 	 Presents findings and communicate knowledge and understanding in different ways Provides an account of a historical event based on more than one 	Uses evidence to support arguments						

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writi	ng	learned in an organised and structured way,	source	
		using appropriate vocabulary		

History – Vocabulary (Work in progress)							
NC:							
EYFS	Year 1 & Year 2	Year 3 & Year 4	Year 5 & Year 6				
	Old, new, along, time, ago, before I was born, when I was younger, before, after, past, present, then, now, Florence Nightingale, Nurse, London, hospital, hand washing, Cleanliness, sick, people, wounds, diseases, war, wealthy, food, 'Lady with the lamp', Crimean War, Mary Secole, travelling, war, business, plants, care, nurse, Crimean War, Cholera, battlefront, sick, bravery, Great Horwood, London, Fire, Pudding Lane, Baker, bakery, boats, buildings, burned, buns, Christopher Wren, city, diary, Samuel Pepys, September, 1666, John Evelyn, leather, bucket, memorial, rebuild, ruined, spread, soldiers, streets, thatched, roof, Thomas Farrinor, wood, Guy Fawkes, King Edward, Walter Raleigh, medieval, knights, castle.	Stonehenge, Iron Age, hill forts, tribal, kingdoms, farming, art, culture.	Christmas tree, decorations, candles, sweets, fruit, homemade, gifts, Christmas card, children, Tom Smith, Christmas Cracker, mince pie, Roast Turkey, family, carols, parlour games Agricultural, industrial, transformation, industrialisation, rural-to-urban, migrations, labour, textile, modernisation, working class, working conditions				

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